# CHAPTER 1.2.

# CRITERIA FOR THE INCLUSION OF DISEASES, INFECTIONS AND INFESTATIONS ON THE OIE LIST

### Article 1.2.1.

### Introduction

The aim of this chapter is to describe the criteria for the inclusion of *diseases*, *infections* and *infestations* on the OIE list. The objective of listing is to support Member Countries' efforts to prevent the transboundary spread of important animal *diseases*, including *zoonoses*, through transparent and consistent reporting. Each *listed disease* normally has a corresponding chapter to assist Member Countries in the harmonisation of *disease* detection, prevention and control. Requirements for *notification* are detailed in Chapter 1.1. and *notifications* are to be made through WAHIS or, if not possible, by fax or e-mail as described in Article 1.1.3.

### Article 1.2.2.

The criteria for the inclusion of a disease, infection or infestation in the OIE list are as follows:

1) International spread of the agent (via live animals or their products, vectors or fomites) has been proven.

# AND

2) At least one country has demonstrated freedom or impending freedom from the *disease*, *infection* or *infestation* in populations of susceptible *animals*, based on the animal health surveillance provisions of the *Terrestrial Code*, in particular those contained in Chapter 1.4.

# AND

3)

a) Natural transmission to humans has been proven, and human infection is associated with severe consequences.

OR

b) The *disease* has been shown to cause significant morbidity or mortality in domestic *animals* at the level of a country or a *zone*.

OR

 The disease has been shown to, or scientific evidence indicates that it would, cause significant morbidity or mortality in wild animal populations.

# AND

4) A reliable means of detection and diagnosis exists and a precise case definition is available to clearly identify cases and allow them to be distinguished from other diseases, infections and infestations.

# OR

5) The disease or infection is an emerging disease with evidence of zoonotic properties, rapid spread, or significant morbidity or mortality and a case definition is available to clearly identify cases and allow them to be distinguished from other diseases or infections.

## Article 1.2.3.

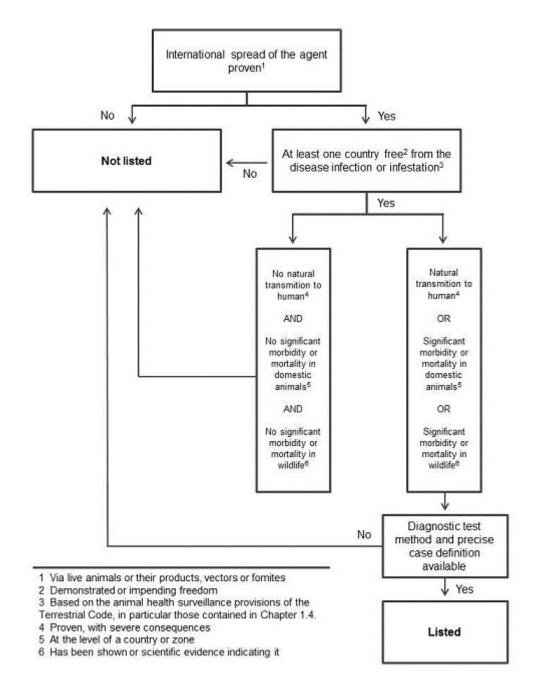
The following diseases, infections and infestations are included in the OIE list.

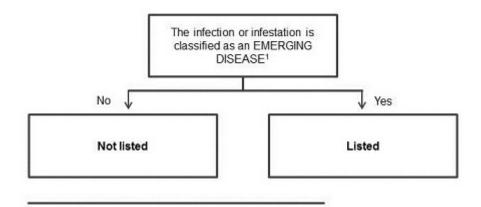
In case of modifications of this list of animal *diseases*, *infections* and *infestations* adopted by the World Assembly, the new list comes into force on 1 January of the following year.

- 1) The following are included within the category of multiple species diseases, infections and infestations:
  - Anthrax
  - Bluetongue
  - Brucellosis (Brucella abortus)
  - Brucellosis (Brucella melitensis)
  - Brucellosis (Brucella suis)
  - Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever
  - Epizootic haemorrhagic disease
  - Equine encephalomyelitis (Eastern)
  - Foot and mouth disease
  - Heartwater
  - Infection with Aujeszky's disease virus
  - Infection with Echinococcus granulosus
  - Infection with Echinococcus multilocularis
  - Infection with rabies virus
  - Infection with rinderpest virus
  - Infection with Trichinella spp.
  - Japanese encephalitis
  - New World screwworm (Cochliomyia hominivorax)
  - Old World screwworm (Chrysomya bezziana)
  - Paratuberculosis
  - Q fever
  - Rift Valley fever
  - Surra (Trypanosoma evansi)
  - Tularemia
  - Vesicular stomatitis (under study)
  - West Nile fever.
- 2) The following are included within the category of cattle diseases and infections:
  - Bovine anaplasmosis
  - Bovine babesiosis
  - Bovine genital campylobacteriosis
  - Bovine spongiform encephalopathy
  - Bovine tuberculosis
  - Bovine viral diarrhoea
  - Enzootic bovine leukosis
  - Haemorrhagic septicaemia
  - Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis
  - Infection with Mycoplasma mycoides subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia)
  - Lumpy skin disease
  - Theileriosis
  - Trichomonosis
  - Trypanosomosis (tsetse-transmitted).
- 3) The following are included within the category of sheep and goat diseases and infections:
  - Caprine arthritis/encephalitis
  - Contagious agalactia

- Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia
- Infection with Chlamydophila abortus (Enzootic abortion of ewes, ovine chlamydiosis)
- Infection with peste des petits ruminants virus
- Maedi–visna
- Nairobi sheep disease
- Ovine epididymitis (Brucella ovis)
- Salmonellosis (S. abortusovis)
- Scrapie
- Sheep pox and goat pox.
- 4) The following are included within the category of equine diseases and infections:
  - Contagious equine metritis
  - Dourine
  - Equine encephalomyelitis (Western)
  - Equine infectious anaemia
  - Equine influenza
  - Equine piroplasmosis
  - Glanders
  - Infection with African horse sickness virus
  - Infection with equid herpesvirus-1 (EHV-1)
  - Infection with equine arteritis virus
  - Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis.
- 5) The following are included within the category of swine *diseases* and *infections*:
  - African swine fever
  - Infection with classical swine fever virus
  - Nipah virus encephalitis
  - Porcine cysticercosis
  - Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome
  - Swine vesicular disease (under study)
  - Transmissible gastroenteritis.
- 6) The following are included within the category of avian diseases and infections:
  - Avian chlamydiosis
  - Avian infectious bronchitis
  - Avian infectious laryngotracheitis
  - Avian mycoplasmosis (Mycoplasma gallisepticum)
  - Avian mycoplasmosis (Mycoplasma synoviae)
  - Duck virus hepatitis
  - Fowl typhoid
  - Infection with avian influenza viruses and infection with influenza A viruses of high pathogenicity in birds other than poultry including wild birds
  - Infectious bursal disease (Gumboro disease)
  - Newcastle disease
  - Pullorum disease
  - Turkey rhinotracheitis.
- 7) The following are included within the category of lagomorph *diseases* and *infections*:
  - Myxomatosis
  - Rabbit haemorrhagic disease.
- 8) The following are included within the category of bee diseases, infections and infestations:
  - Infection of honey bees with Melissococcus plutonius (European foulbrood)
  - Infection of honey bees with Paenibacillus larvae (American foulbrood)

- Infestation of honey bees with Acarapis woodi
- Infestation of honey bees with Tropilaelaps spp.
- Infestation of honey bees with Varroa spp. (Varroosis)
- Infestation with Aethina tumida (Small hive beetle).
- 9) The following are included within the category of other diseases and infections:
  - Camelpox
  - Leishmaniosis.





1 With evidence of zoonotic properties, rapid spread or significant morbidity or mortality and with case definition available