Listeria monocytogenes surveillance in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg









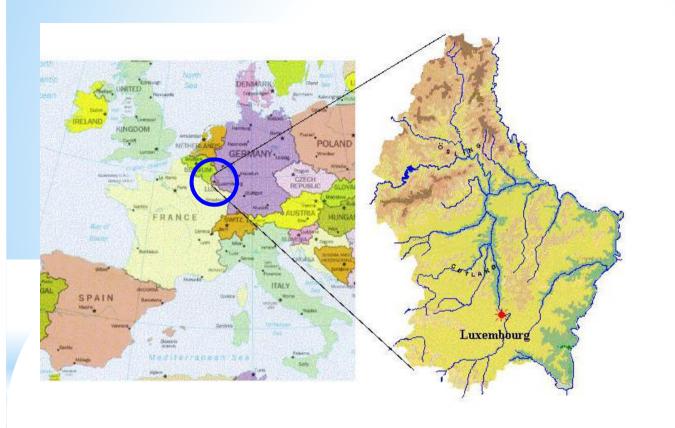




State Veterinary Laboratory (LMVE-DAV)









surface: 2586 km²

Population: 515 000 residents

44% foreigners

+150 000 F,B,D at daytime

National language: Luxembourgish

Administrative languages:

- 1. French
- 2. German
- 3. Luxembourgish

Ministry of Agriculture and consumer protection

Ministry of Health

LMVE

LNS

Food control unit (DAV)

Samples from food mainly of animal origin

Pathological unit:

Rarely clinical samples

Food control unit (surveillance alimentaire)

Samples: pastry, milk and catering products

Molecular typing unit (SEMI)

isolates from private clinical and public hospital laboratories, as well as food isolates from veterinary and food labs

Sampling on food:

official vets

(Ministry of Agriculture and Consumer Protection)

Food controlers (M.

of Health)
(Private people)

Food controlers (Ministry of Health)

Private people

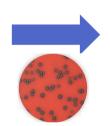




Detection and enumeration of foodborne pathogens in veterinary/food samples



Isolation of strains confirmation of species





Laboratory-based surveillance of infectious diseases outbreak detection, response & prevention



Molecular characterization

molecular-serotyping PFGE - Apal + Ascl Whole genome sequencing Biobank -80°C



Overview of the workflow











European Surveillance









Division de l'Inspection Sanitaire

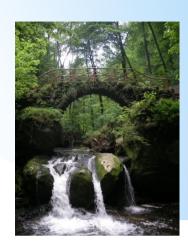
National Surveillance

One Database of typing profiles Human/non-human

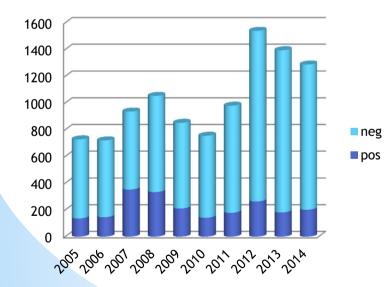
Listeria monocytogenes







L. mono analyses 2005-2014



Food of animal origin

Detection in 25 g of food

Methods: (ELFA (VIDAS ®) up to 2008)

ISO 11290

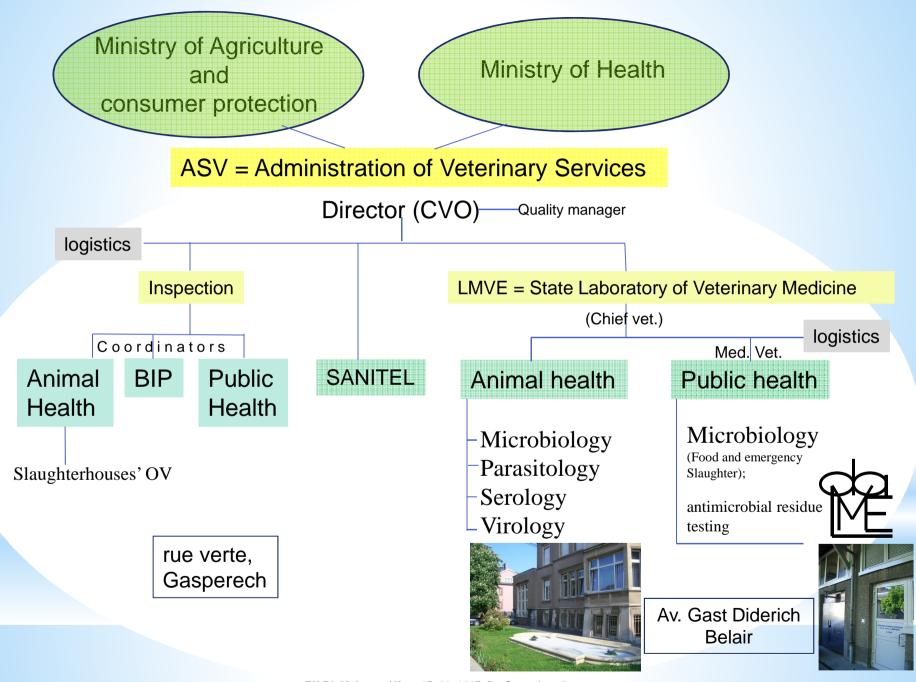
BRD 07/04-09/98

BRD 07/05-09/01

Typing of food strains at LNS in case of human cases; >2015 ± all possible

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Listeriosis*	6	1	3	0	2	2	2	5

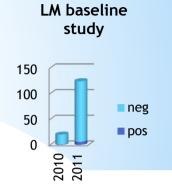
^{*} case-based report



The 2010-2011 Listeria monocytogenes baseline study



	matrix	dete	ction	quantification		
		positive	negative	>10 cfu/g	<10 cfu/g	
BSLM	Semi-soft cheese	0	32	0	32	
	Smoked fish*	5 // 2	25 // 28	2 // 1	28//29	
	heat treated meat	1	31	0	32	
	products					



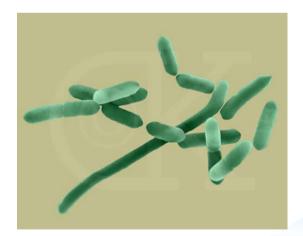
	Fresh meat & fresh meat products 437+577 =1014 samples	128+164 = 292	309+413 = 722	6+13 = 19	431+563 = 995
routine	Heat treated meat prod. 279+276 = 555 samples	11+9 = 20	268+267 = 535	0+0	279+276 = 555
9	Smoked fish 15+0 = 15	2+0 =2	13+0 =13	2+0 =2	13+0 =13
	Other products $3+3=6$	0+0	3+3 =6	0+0	3+3 = 6
	cheese 1+0 = 1	0+0	1+0= 1	0+0	1+0 = 1

^{*} a // b: a = result for analysis at arrival, b = result for analysis at end of shelf life

10 Years of Listeria monocytopgenes Monitoring (1.2002-12.2011)

Summary:

- *8391 samples (mainly of animal origin) out of 9991 (84%) analyzed for *L. monocytogenes*
- * 25.5% positives
- * 0.57% > detection limit (of total analyzed)
- * 0.36% * > criteria EU Reg.2073/2005 (of total analyzed)
- *not all yet typed ((2012))
- *costs: ~ 170 000 € only in material



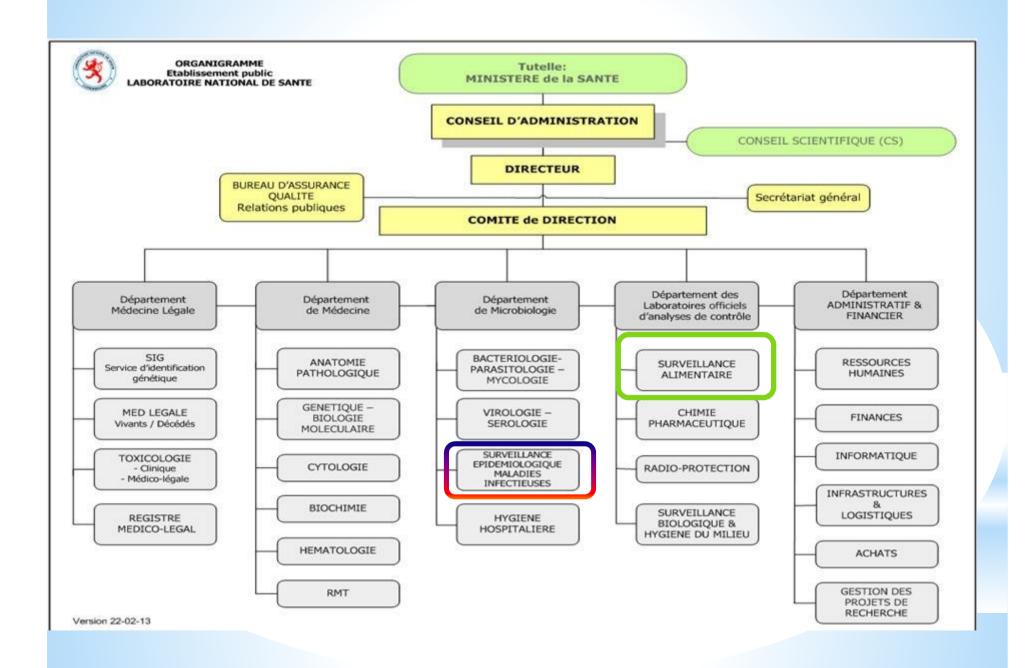
Laboratoire National de Santé (LNS)



new law in 2012: independent institute with research mission;



New building in 2013 with P3 facility

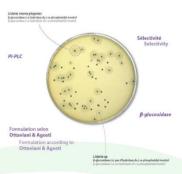


LNS - food control unit

- * mainly chemical analysis
- * GMO analysis
- * microbiological analysis, amongst other Listeria monocytogenes:
 - * methods:

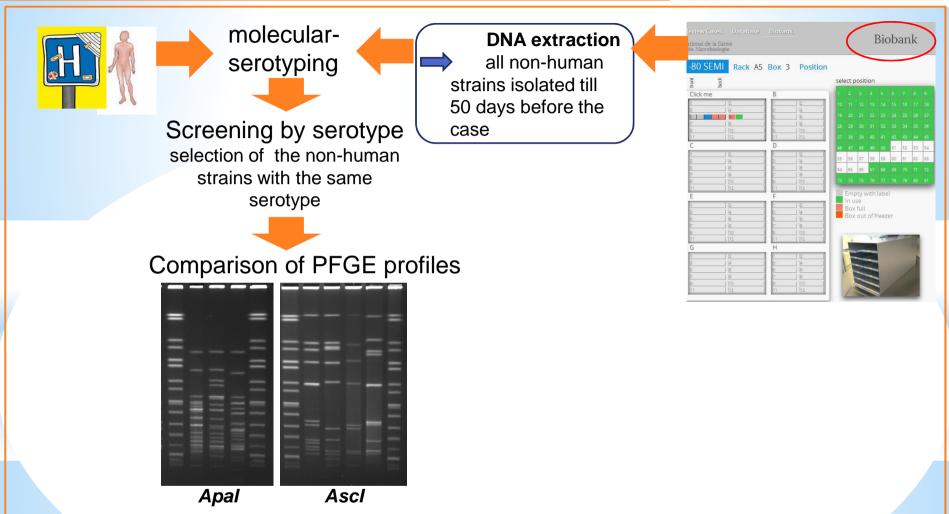
BRD 07/04-09/98 and BRD 07/05-09/01 and PCR

*-1300-1400 analysis (L.mono) per year very few positives (~0,4%)



Molecular investigation in case of listeriosis







The notification of listeriosis in humans is mandatory in Luxembourg

	2007	200 8	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Listeriosis*	6	1	3	0	2	2	2	5

* case-based report

General overview of SEMI*

*Epidemiological surveillance of infectuous dieseases

Main mission:

laboratory-based surveillance of infectious diseases outbreak detection, response & prevention

3 major foci of interests:

Food-borne pathogens

Campylobacter, Salmonella, VTEC, Listeria, enterotoxigenic S. aureus, norovirus

Vaccine-preventable pathogens influenza, HPV

Antibiotic resistance

MRSA, carbapenemase-producing enterobacteriaceae



Methods & expertise

- National reference lab for gastro-intestinal pathogens
 - Longstanding collaboration with ALL hospital & private clinical labs and veterinary/food labs
 - Receive ~ 1000 bacterial isolates per year
 - Biobank of human, food, veterinary, and environmental pathogens (>10000 isolates)
- State of the art bacterial typing for surveillance
 - Whole genome sequencing, MLST, MLVA, PFGE
 - Real-time sharing with ECDC (European Center for Disease Control)
 - Miseq & bioinformatics tools (whole genome MLST, antibiotic resist.)
- Sentinel surveillance of influenza
 - 12 generalists & 3 pediatricians collecting ~1000 throat swabs per year



A long way to an NRL

Listeria baseline study = alarm clock

Political decision and financial considerations: let's do it ourselves

Get the strains from all labs – better epidiological surveillance Contact with EURL ©





Acknowledgements

To all those envolved in sampling and Analyzing and

То



the audience for their attention



